It can be challenging to balance parenting with the demands of work. You can make it easier by:

✔ choosing the best child care you can
✔ making mornings run smoothly by following routines, preparing things the night before, and taking time for yourself before your toddler wakes up
✔ taking a few minutes for yourself after work before re-joining your toddler
✔ sharing household chores and spreading them out over the week
✔ having a child care plan for when your toddler is sick

Choosing Child Care

The child care you use will depend on what’s available in your community and what you can afford. Consider, too:

• What hours and days do you need child care?
• Does your toddler like large groups, small groups or one-on-one attention?

Whatever type of child care you use, ensure:

• your toddler will be safe
• you’re comfortable with the caregiver’s qualifications
• you agree with their approach
• they’ll encourage your child’s development
• you trust them with your toddler

Types of Child Care

Outside your home: licensed vs. licence-not-required child care

What is licensed child care?
Programs that are monitored and regularly inspected by regional health authorities. Licensed child care programs must meet specific requirements for health and safety, staffing qualifications, record-keeping, space, equipment, child-to-staff ratios and programming.

What is licence-not-required child care?
Providers that aren’t monitored or inspected. Licence-not-required providers can care for up to 2 children (or 2 groups of siblings) who aren’t related to them. Parents are responsible for overseeing the care and safety of their own children.

TRY THIS
Child care spaces fill up quickly, so start looking early. Talk with other parents, contact your public health unit or community centre, look at newspapers, bulletin boards and online, and contact the Child Care Resource and Referral (CCRR) program in your area (see Child Care in the Resources chapter).

In your home

In-home care can range from having the help of a grandparent to hiring a live-in nanny. With in-home care, your toddler is able to stay in the place he knows best. There’s no travel and no special arrangements to be made if he gets sick. And if your in-home caregiver is from your own cultural group, holidays and traditions can be honoured and family languages can be taught.
Babysitters
When you need a casual babysitter, remember – the younger your child, the older the babysitter should be. Most children under 12 aren’t old enough to deal with problems and emergencies.

Before you leave your child with a new caregiver – whether a friend, family member or babysitter – prepare by:
• watching them hold and play with your child
• asking how they would deal with crying or fussiness
• watching as they feed and diaper him
• explaining your safe sleep routines (see Sleep and Your Toddler)
• asking if they’ve taken a babysitting course
• being clear about your Dos and Don’ts:
  ✔ Follow your bedtime and safer sleep routines.
  ✔ Check your child often while he’s sleeping.
  ✔ Contact you if there are problems.
  ✘ Never hit or shake a child.
  ✘ Don’t heat his bottle in the microwave or on the stove. Use a container of warm tap water instead.

When the babysitter arrives, show them where things are kept – including the list of emergency numbers. Tell them where you’re going, when you’ll return and how you can be reached.

Helping Your Toddler Adjust to Child Care
Before leaving your child with a child care provider, try:
• talking to your toddler about it
• reading books together about child care
• letting him spend time with the caregivers and the other children with you there

Make his first days easier by:
• staying as long as you need to
• asking the caregiver to give him extra attention
• letting him bring a blanket or toy
• telling him when you’re leaving and assuring him that you’ll return at a certain time
• creating a routine in which you say and do the same things each time you leave

Make every day easier by:
• letting the caregiver know if you’ll be late
• giving your child lots of extra attention when you return
• talking to him about what he did while you were away and telling him what you did
• asking the caregiver about your child’s day
Dealing With Unhappiness

**DID YOU KNOW**
Many toddlers go through a “honeymoon phase” in which they’re happy with their child care for several weeks, then unhappy.

If your toddler seems unhappy, try:
- talking to his caregivers and asking if they’ve noticed anything, like not eating or not napping
- calling to check how he’s doing or dropping in to see for yourself
- finding out if he stays upset after you leave
- listening to him about what he likes and what he doesn’t like

If his unhappiness continues, think about other child care options.

Learn more about choosing child care in the Guide to Selecting and Monitoring Child Care in BC (see Child Care in the Resources chapter).

Helping Pay for Child Care

**MONEY SENSE**
The Affordable Child Care Benefit (ACCB) pays up to $1,250 per month to help with the cost of child care. Visit the ACCB website to estimate your benefit amount and apply for funding. For more information, contact the Child Care Service Centre, Child Care Resource & Referral centres, Immigrant Services Society of BC or Service BC (see Child Care in the Resources chapter).

*If you have a toddler with special needs,* you can apply for extra financial help through the Supported Child Development Program (see Special Needs in the Resources chapter).